



T Series - Field converters



T201DCH50-LP

Contact-less direct and alternating TRMS current transducer

General Specifications

- Direct and alternating current transduce
- galvanically insulated from the measuring circuit.

 Measurement principle: Hall Effect

 Possibility to measure the direct and alternating component of TRMS current.
- No shunt, no wasted power of primary current circuit and no dissipation.
- Unipolar or bipolar measure
- High measurement accuracy: 0.5 %.
- Suitable for Seneca modules with power supply sensors at 12V= and input 4-20 mA.
 Two DIP-Switches selectable ranges.
- Damping filter availability to improve stable reading.
- Suitable for batteries, battery chargers, solar panels, power units and generic dc loads.
- Compact overall dimensions: 41 x 44 x 26 mm.







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Manuals and configuration software are available at website: www.seneca.it/products/t201dch50-lp

Technical support. support@seneca.it/ Product Informations: sales@seneca.it

ISO 9001:2008

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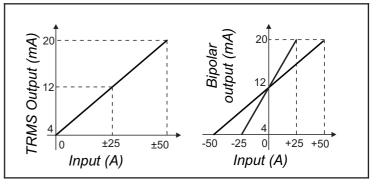
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ENGLISH - 1/4

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY					
Bare conductor	CAT. III 300V				
Insulated conductor	CAT. III 600V				
OPERATING CONDITION					
Protection degree	IP20.				
Operating temperature	-20 – +70 °C.				
Storage Temperature	-40 – +85 °C.				
Humidity	10 – 90 % non-condensing.				
Altitude	Up to 2000 m a.s.l.				
CASE					
Weight	47 g.				
Overall dimensions	41 x 44 x 26 mm (without terminals).				
Box material	PA6, black color				

	DIP-switches								
	Range	Filter (10% – 90%)		Mode		Not used			
	DIP Switch 1	DIP Switch 2		DIP Switch 3		DIP Switch 4			
	0 – 50A		Filter = 500ms		∿/≕TRMS		Must be OFF		
1	0 – 25A	1	Filter =1000ms	1	Bipolar	•	IVIUSI DE OFF		

In the table the
symbol corresponds to the switch in the ON position; The instrument is factory delivered with range 50A, 800ms filter and RMS mode.

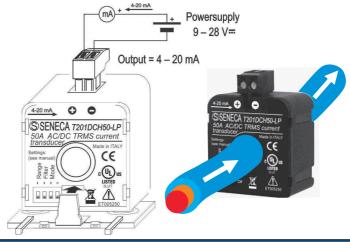




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Technical features							
Management was	INPUT AC / DC TRMS or Bipolar DC						
Measure type		<u>'</u>	or 25 ±25 A Binolor				
Range	0-50 Arms, 0-25 Arms, -50 – +50 A Bipolar or -25 – +25 A Bipolar, selectable by dip-switch.						
Peak factor	1.3						
Bandwidth	1 kHz						
Insulation	When a sheathed wire is used, the insulation voltage is set by sheath properties. On a bare wire, it's stated 3 kV ∼						
Over-current	300 A permanent						
OUTPUT AND POWER SUPPLY							
Туре	4-20 mA, max. load R _{LOAD} =600 Ω. Screw terminals: ② and ③ .						
Terminals	Screw terminal pitch 5.08mm for max 2.5 mm² cables.						
Hole diameter	12.3 mm						
Power supply	9 – 28V≕(between ⊙ and ⊙).						
Protections	- Polarity reversal - Over-Voltage.						
Fail indication	< 3.8 mA						
Max. indication	< 22 mA						
	ACCU	RACY					
	Range	Precision ∿	Precision 				
Over the 2% of End of Scale	50 A 25 A	0.5% of end scale 1% of end scale.	1% of end scale. 2% of end scale.				
Under the 2% of End of Scale	50 A 25 A	1% of end scale. 2% of end scale.	2% of end scale. 4% of end scale.				
Resolution	Output: 10 bit (1000 points) Input: 12 bit (4000 points).						
Temperature coefficient	< 200 ppm/°C.						
Error due to EMI	< 1%						
Response time	- Fast filter: 500 ms. - Slow filter: 1000 ms.						
Measure hysteresis	0.3% of the end scale (typical)						
NORMATIVE							



Mounting

The device can be located in any position and place, in accordance with the operating conditions above stated. Use the included holder bracket when fixing it to a DIN rail WARNING: High-strength magnetic fields may change the output value: let avoid closeness to permanent magnets, electromagnets or iron bulks that cause such a modification of the surrounding magnetic field; try a different arrangement or orientation if zero error was greater than expected.

Multi-turn primary winding to improve sensibility

You can increase the sensibility of the device simply passing several times in the hole with the measuring current, realizing turns with multiplicative effect: for example, passing 5 times in the hole, as to see 4 turns, choosing a 50 A range, you get an equivalent sensibility of 10 A full-scale. When you make this, let dispose the turns with symmetry in order to preserve accuracy: use diametric contraposition with 2 turns, cross disposition with 4 turns, 60° with 6 turns, and so on.





ENGLISH - 2/4



EN61326 (EMC requirements). EN61010-1 (safety).